

Guidelines for the Use of Antiretroviral Agents in Adults and Adolescents with HIV

Downloaded from https://aidsinfo.nih.gov/guidelines on 8/31/2020

Visit the AIDSinfo website to access the most up-to-date guideline.

Register for e-mail notification of guideline updates at https://aidsinfo.nih.gov/e-news.

Appendix B, Table 6. Characteristics of Integrase Strand Transfer Inhibitors (Last updated December 18, 2019; last reviewed December 18, 2019) (page 2 of 2)

Generic Name (Abbreviation) Trade Name	Formulations	Dosing Recommendations ^a	Elimination/ Metabolic Pathways	Serum Half- Life	Adverse Events ^b
Raltegravir (RAL) Isentress Isentress HD	Isentress: • 400 mg tablet • 25 and 100 mg chewable tablets • 100 mg singleuse packet for oral suspension Isentress HD: • 600 mg tablet	Isentress In ARV-Naive Patients or ARV- Experienced Patients: • 400 mg PO twice daily With Rifampin: • 800 mg twice daily Isentress HD In ARV-Naive or ARV- Experienced Patients with Virologic Suppression on a Regimen containing RAL 400 mg Twice Daily: • 1,200 mg (two 600-mg tablets) PO once daily With Rifampin: • Not recommended	UGT1A1-mediated glucuronidation	~9 hours	Rash, including Stevens- Johnson syndrome, HSR, and toxic epidermal necrolysis Nausea Headache Diarrhea Pyrexia CPK elevation, muscle weakness, and rhabdomyolysis Weight gain Insomnia Depression and suicidal ideation (rare; usually occurs in patients with pre-existing psychiatric conditions)

^a For dose adjustments in patients with hepatic insufficiency, see <u>Appendix B, Table 10</u>. When no food restriction is listed, the ARV drug can be taken with or without food.

Key: 3TC = lamivudine; ABC = abacavir; ARV = antiretroviral; BIC = bictegravir; COBI = cobicistat; CPK = creatine phosphokinase; CrCI = creatinine clearance; CYP = cytochrome P; DTG = dolutegravir; EFV = efavirenz; EVG = elvitegravir; EVG/c = elvitegravir/cobicistat; FDC = fixed-dose combination; FPV/r = fosamprenavir/ritonavir; FTC = emtricitabine; HSR = hypersensitivity reaction; INSTI = integrase strand transfer inhibitor; NTD = neural tube defect; PO = orally; RAL = raltegravir; RPV = rilpivirine; STR = single-tablet regimen; TAF = tenofovir alafenamide; TDF = tenofovir disoproxil fumarate; TPV/r = tipranavir/ritonavir; UGT = uridine diphosphate glucuronyl transferase

Appendix B, Table 7. Characteristics of the Fusion Inhibitor (Last updated December 18, 2019; last reviewed December 18, 2019)

Generic Name (Abbreviation) Trade Name	Formulation	Dosing Recommendation	Serum Half- Life	Elimination	Adverse Events ^a
Enfuvirtide (T-20) Fuzeon	 Fuzeon: Injectable; supplied as lyophilized powder. Each vial contains 108 mg of T-20; reconstitute with 1.1 mL of sterile water for injection for delivery of approximately 90 mg/1 mL. Refer to prescribing information for storage instruction. 	Fuzeon: • T-20 90 mg/1 mL SQ twice daily	3.8 hours	Expected to undergo catabolism to its constituent amino acids, with subsequent recycling of the amino acids in the body pool	Local injection site reactions (e.g., pain, erythema, induration, nodules and cysts, pruritus, ecchymosis) in almost 100% of patients Increased incidence of bacterial pneumonia HSR occurs in <1% of patients. Symptoms may include rash, fever, nausea, vomiting, chills, rigors, hypotension, or elevated serum transaminases. Re-challenge is not recommended.

^a Also see Table 17.

Key: HSR = hypersensitivity reaction; SQ = subcutaneous; T-20 = enfuvirtide

^b Also see Table 17.

^c See Appendix B, Table 1 for information about these formulations.